

### Standard Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers

Japan

Type: **EWAP1/EWAP3/EWAQ1/EWAQ3**



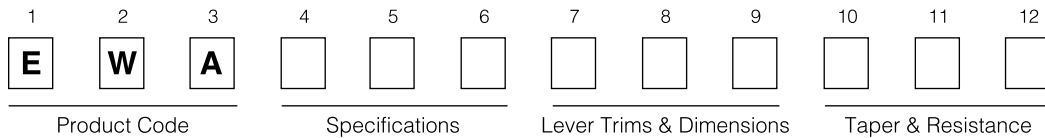
#### ■ Features

- Excellent operational feel:  
Clear clicking action for heat controllers.  
Smooth sliding action for Electronic Musical Instruments.
- Low noise, long operating life, highly-accurate attenuation.
- Light operating force available.

#### ■ Recommended Applications

- Fade control for popular types of audio mixers, musical keyboards
- Heat control or mode switching for automobile air conditioners
- Measurement Instruments

#### ■ Explanation of Part Numbers




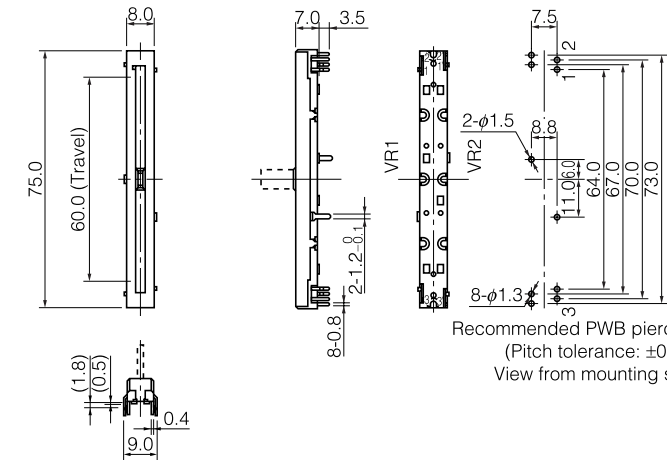
#### ■ Major Specifications

	Taper		
	60.0 mm Type	Taper B	Others
Power Rating	60.0 mm Type	0.12 W	0.06 W
	45.0 mm Type	0.10 W	0.05 W
Resistance	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 50 kΩ	Single ±20 %	+40 % -20 %
		Dual ±20 %	—
Taper	A, B, D, Y (Custom tapers also available)		
Maximum Attenuation	Single type: 100 dB min.(Except taper B) Dual type: 70 dB min.(Except taper B)		
Insulation Resistance	100 MΩ min. at 200 Vdc		
Dielectric Withstand Voltage	300 Vac for 1 minute		
Operating Force	0.1 N to 1.5 N		
Operating Life	30000 cycles min.		
Minimum Quantity/Packing Unit	EWAP1	50 pcs. (Tray Pack)	
	EWAP3		
	EWAQ1	50 pcs. (Tray Pack)	Lever length ≤ 20.0 mm
	EWAQ3	25 pcs. (Tray Pack)	Lever length ≥ 21.0 mm
Quantity/Carton	EWAP1	500 pcs.	
	EWAP3		
	EWAQ1	500 pcs.	Lever length ≤ 20.0 mm
	EWAQ3	250 pcs.	Lever length ≥ 21.0 mm

■ Dimensions in mm (not to scale)

- 60.0 mm Travel, Single ..... EWAQ1
- Dual ..... EWAQ3

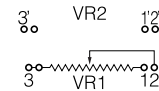
**No. 1**

Notes:

1. 3 and T: Short terminals
2. 1' 2' 3' and T': Dummy terminals


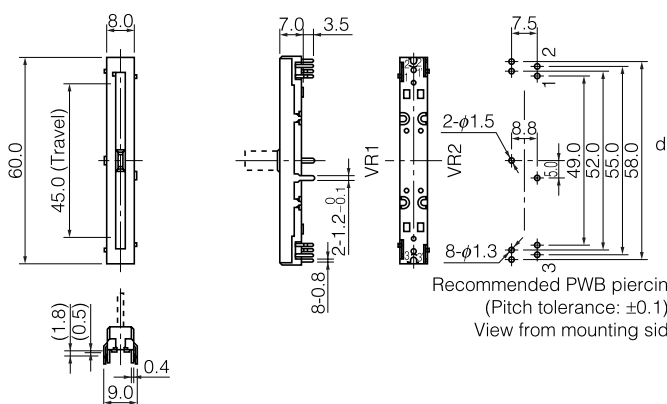
Recommended PWB piercing plan  
(Pitch tolerance: ±0.1)  
View from mounting side



Circuit diagram  
Not to connect  
dummy terminal 1' and others

- 45.0 mm Travel, Single ..... EWAP1
- Dual ..... EWAP3

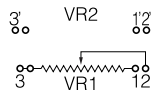
**No. 2**

Notes:

1. 3 and T: Short terminals
2. 1' 2' 3' and T': Dummy terminals

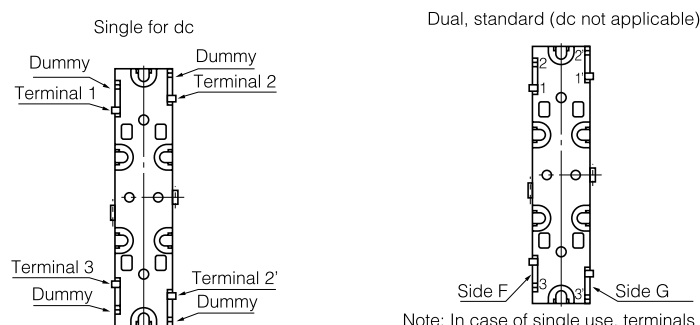
Recommended PWB piercing plan  
(Pitch tolerance: ±0.1)  
View from mounting side



Circuit diagram  
Not to connect  
dummy terminal 1' and others

Notes: Refer to the drawing below for terminal alignment of dual slide potentiometers and single, dc version.

Terminal Numbers of Single, DC Version

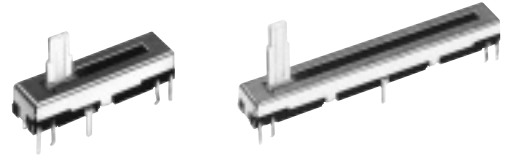


Note: In case of single use, terminals of side G are dummies.

### Standard Type Slide Potentiometers

Japan  
Malaysia

Type: **EWAK/EWAM/EWAN**  
**EWAP/EWAQ**



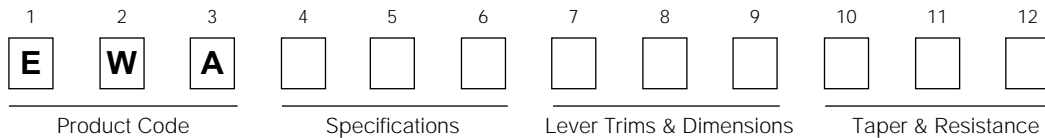
#### ■ Features

- Compact size and wave-soldering available
- A large variety: 15.0, 20.0, 30.0, 45.0 and 60.0 mm travel

#### ■ Recommended Applications

- Audio Equipment
- Video Equipment
- Home Electrical Appliances
- Electronic Musical Instruments

#### ■ Explanation of Part Numbers



#### ■ Product Chart

Classification		Standard part numbers	Functions			
Travel	Single/Dual		Metal lever	Mounting screw hole	Midpoint detent	Midpoint tap
15.0 mm	Single	EWAKF	○	○	○	○
	Dual	EWAKA	○	○	○	○
20.0 mm	Single	EWAMF	○	○	○	○
	Dual	EWAMA	○	○	○	○
30.0 mm	Single	EWANF	○	○	○	○
	Dual	EWANA	○	○	○	○
45.0 mm	Single	EWAPF	○	○	○	○
	Dual	EWAPA	○	○	○	○
60.0 mm	Single	EWAQF	○	○	○	○
	Dual	EWAQA	○	○	○	○

#### Notes:

1. Standard part numbers are insulated lever types.
2. ○=available

#### ■ Minimum Quantity/Packing Unit

Minimum Quantity/ Packing Unit	EWAK	100 pcs. (Tray Pack)	
	EWAM	100 pcs. (Tray Pack)	Lever length < 20.0 mm
		50 pcs. (Tray Pack)	Lever length > 21.0 mm
	EWAN	100 pcs. (Tray Pack)	
	EWAQ	50 pcs. (Tray Pack)	Lever length < 20.0 mm
25 pcs. (Tray Pack)		Lever length > 21.0 mm	
Quantity/Cartron	EWAK	1000 pcs.	
	EWAM	1000 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
		500 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
	EWAN	1000 pcs.	
	EWAQ	500 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
250 pcs.		Lever length > 21.0 mm	

### ■ Specifications

#### ● Electrical Specifications

##### 1. Power Rating

Maximum load which can be continuously applied under 50 °C, is per following chart. For potentiometers operated in ambient temperatures above 50 °C, Power Rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.

Taper	Type	15.0 mm		20.0 mm		30.0 mm		45.0 mm		60.0 mm	
	Rating	EWAKF EWAKA		EWAMF EWAMA		EWANF EWANA		EWAPF EWAPA		EWAQF EWAQA	
		Power	Max. operating voltage	Power	Max. operating voltage	Power	Max. operating voltage	Power	Max. operating voltage	Power	Max. operating voltage
B		0.03 W	75 V	0.04 W	150 V	0.06 W	150 V	0.10 W	200 V	0.12 W	200 V
A, C, D, G		0.02 W	75 V	0.02 W	150 V	0.03 W	150 V	0.05 W	150 V	0.06 W	200 V

##### 2. Residual Resistance

The minimum resistance at each end of sliding position is the residual resistance (hop-off) (see Chart 1).

The minimum resistance at tap position between tap terminal and contactor is the tap residual resistance (See Chart 2.).

Chart 1. Residual Resistance

Total Resistance	Taper	Terminal	A, C, D		B, G										
			Travel	1 to 2	2 to 3	1 to 2					2 to 3				
				15.0 mm	20.0 mm	30.0 mm	45.0 mm	60.0 mm	15.0 mm	20.0 mm	30.0 mm	45.0 mm	60.0 mm		
Standard	General (For tone)	R < 50kΩ	3 Ω max.	25 Ω max.	10 Ω max.	10 Ω max.	15 Ω max.	20 Ω max.	25 Ω max.	10 Ω max.	10 Ω max.	15 Ω max.	20 Ω max.	25 Ω max.	
		R > 50 kΩ R < 250 kΩ	25 Ω max.	50 Ω max.	25 Ω max.					25 Ω max.					
		R > 250kΩ	100 Ω max.	100 Ω max.	100 Ω max.					100 Ω max.					
	For volume	R < 50kΩ	3 Ω max.	25 Ω max.	3 Ω max.					25 Ω max.					
		R > 50 kΩ R < 250 kΩ	5 Ω max.	50 Ω max.	5 Ω max.					50 Ω max.					
		R > 250kΩ	50 Ω max.	100 Ω max.	50 Ω max.					100 Ω max.					
With LED & for dc use	R < 50kΩ	10 Ω max.	60 Ω max.	25 Ω max.	35 Ω max.	50 Ω max.	60 Ω max.	25 Ω max.	35 Ω max.	50 Ω max.	60 Ω max.				
	R > 50 kΩ R < 250 kΩ	60 Ω max.	100 Ω max.	60 Ω max.					60 Ω max.						
	R > 250kΩ	100 Ω max.	100 Ω max.	100 Ω max.					100 Ω max.						

Chart 2. Tap Residual Resistance

Total resistance	Residual resistance
R < 50 kΩ	100 Ω max.
50 kΩ < R < 500 kΩ	500 Ω max.
R < 500 kΩ	1 kΩ max.

### 3. Tracking

Tracking on dual slide potentiometer is measured by following formula with 2 V to 5 V applied voltage, at 1000±200 Hz between terminal 1 and 3.

$$\text{Tracking error (dB)} = 20 \log (V_2/V_1)$$

Where:

$V_1$ =output voltage of one side (between terminal 1 and 2)

$V_2$ =output voltage of the other side (between terminal 1 and 2)

Range	Type	For volume		General purpose
		15.0, 20.0 mm	30.0, 45.0, 60.0 mm	
-40 dB to 0 dB			±3 dB	
-30 dB to 0 dB		±3 dB		
50 % of Sliding Position				±3 dB

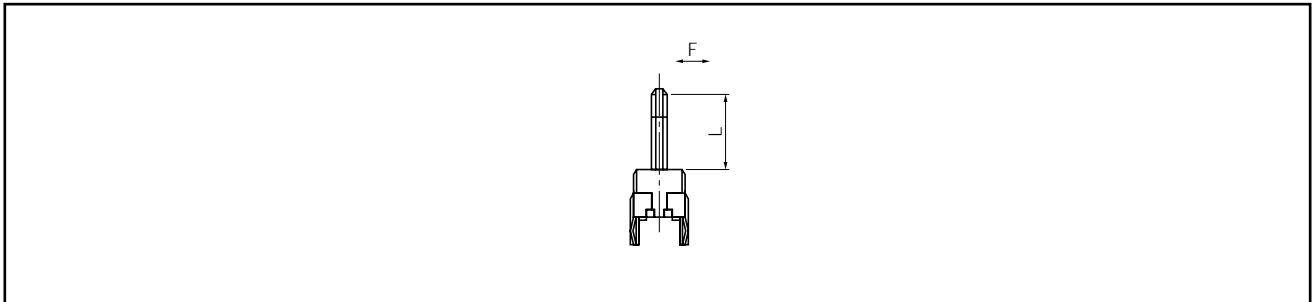
## ● Mechanical Specifications

### 1. Sliding Force

In a room at 5 °C to 35 °C, apply a sliding force to the lever at a point of 5.0 mm from the mounting surface at a rate of 30.0 mm/1 to 2 seconds. The sliding force shall be 0.4 N to 3.5 N.

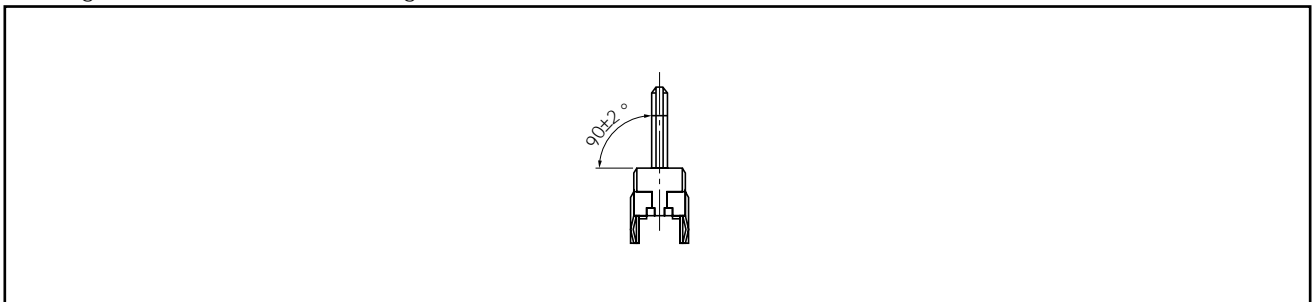
### 2. Lever Wobble

When a moment of 25 mN·m is applied perpendicularly on the top of the lever, the wobble of lever tip shall be within  $3 \times L/10$  mm max. for one side. Where: L=Length of lever



### 3. Lever Angle

The angle of lever from the mounting surface shall be  $90 \pm 2$  ° max.



### 4. Detent Slip-out Force

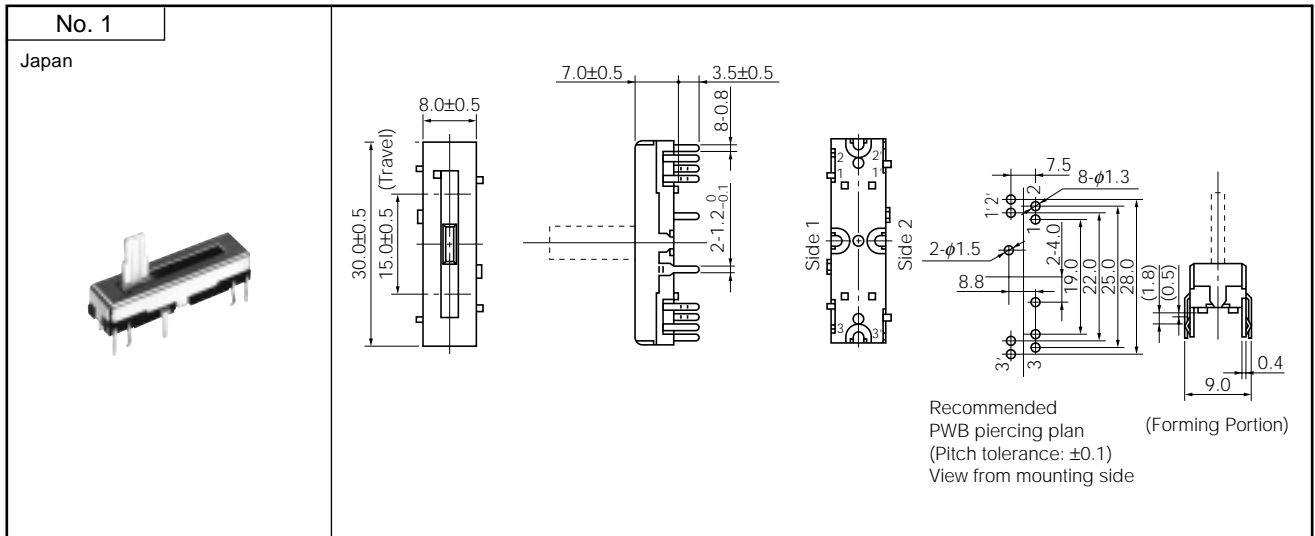
In a room at 5 °C to 35 °C, detent slip-out force shall be 0.2 N to 1.5 N greater than the sliding force of lever.

### 5. Operating Life

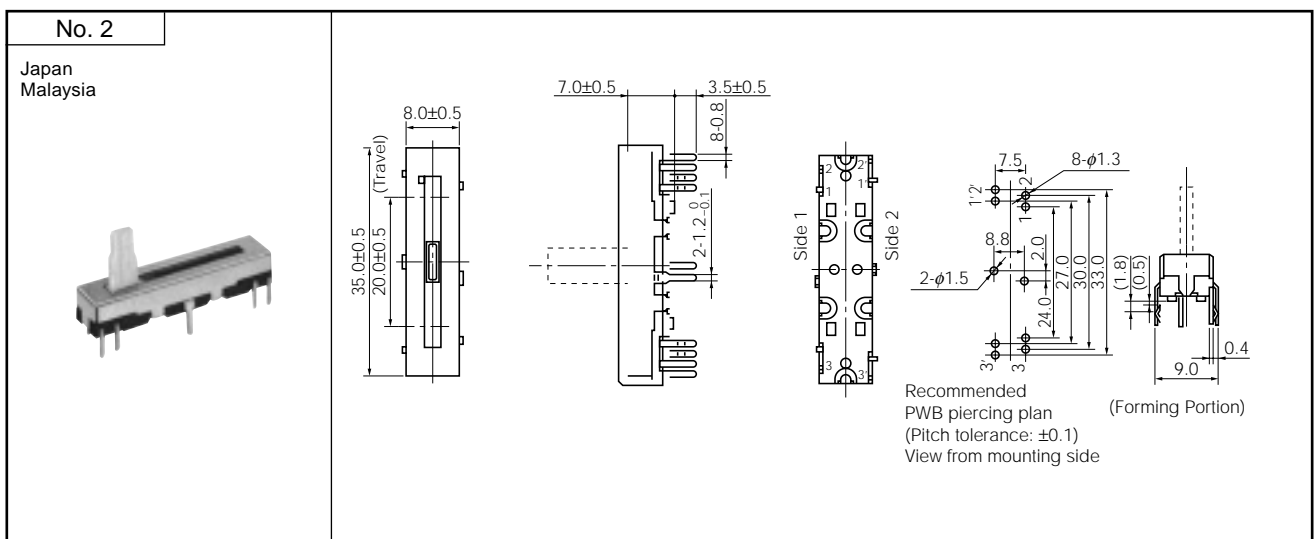
15000 cycles min.

■ Dimensions in mm (not to scale)

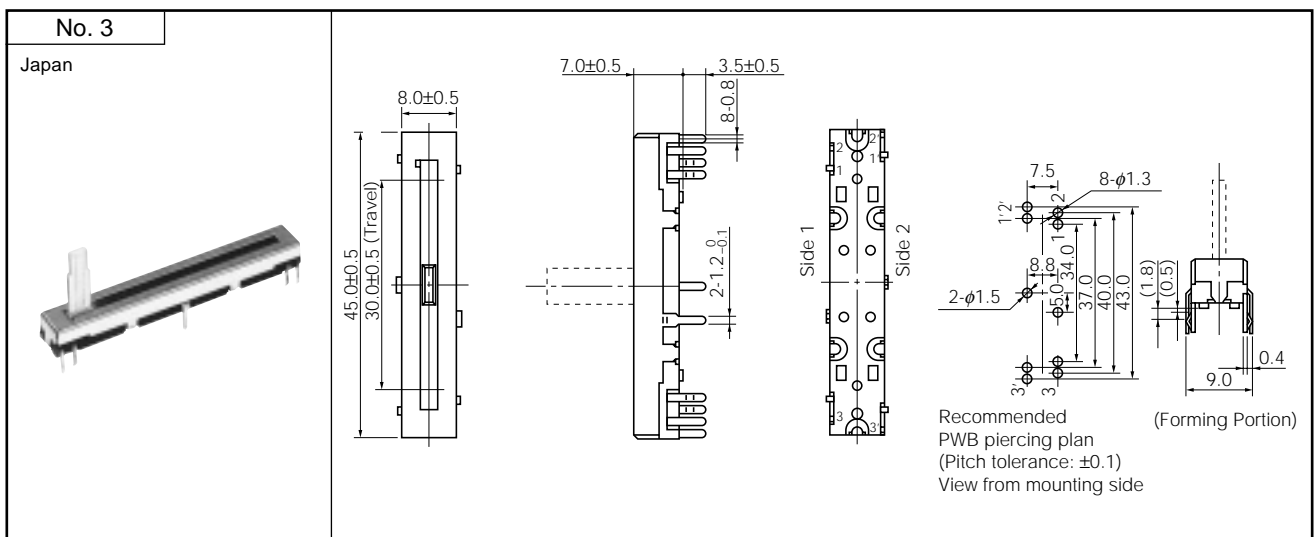
- Single.....EWAKF
- 15.0 mm Travel Series
- Dual.....EWAKA



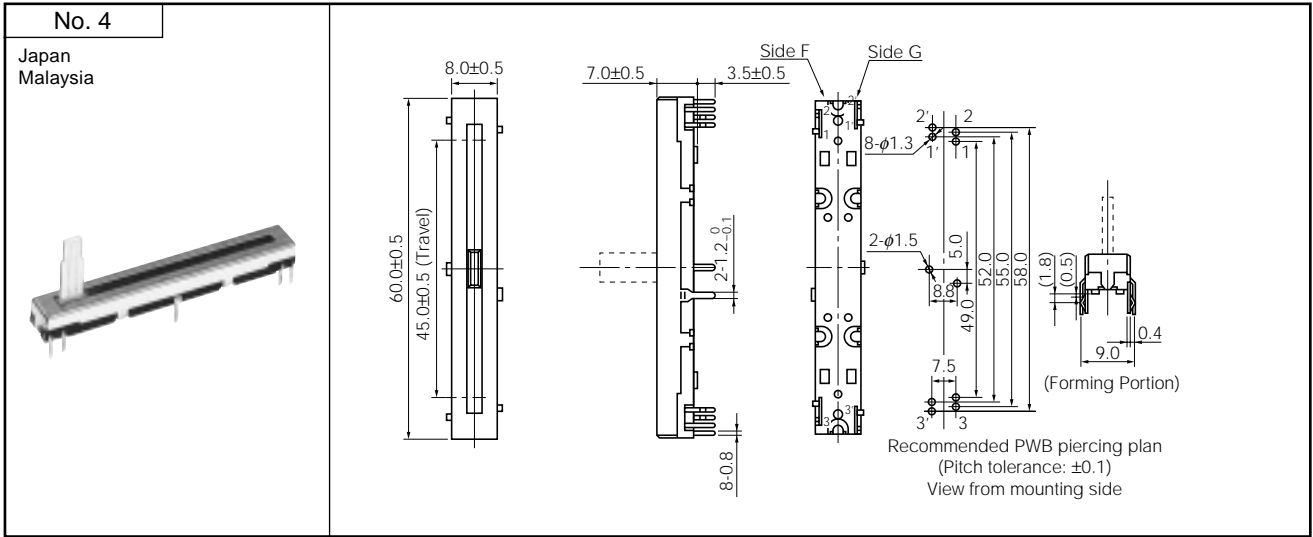
- Single.....EWAMF
- 20.0 mm Travel Series
- Dual.....EWAMA



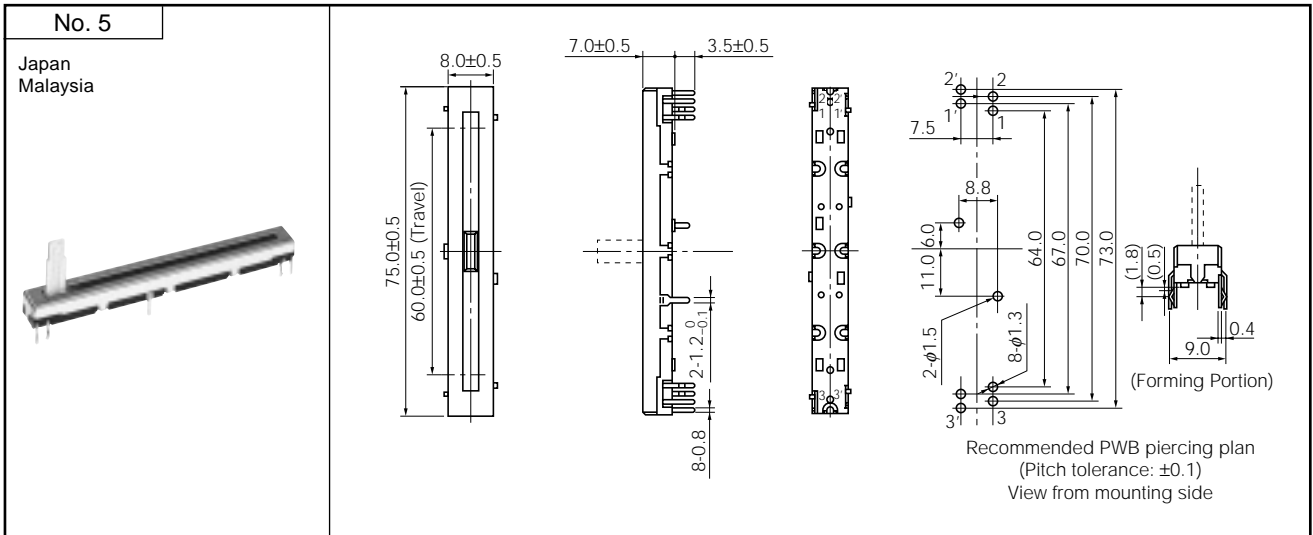
- Single.....EWANF
- 30.0 mm Travel Series
- Dual.....EWANA



- Single ..... EWAPF
- 45.0 mm Travel Series
- Dual ..... EWAPA



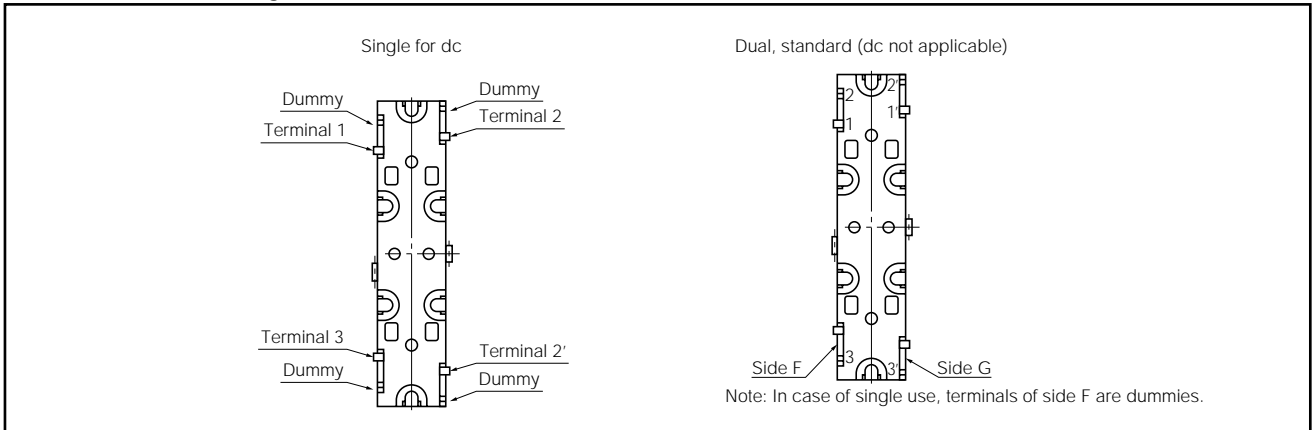
- Single ..... EWAQF
- 60.0 mm Travel Series
- Dual ..... EWAQA



**Notes:**

1. Refer to the drawing below for terminal alignment of single slide potentiometers.
2. Slide Potentiometers with no Midpoint Tap  
Terminals 3-3' and the next inner terminals are connected together as a common terminal.
3. Slide Potentiometers with Midpoint Tap  
The next inner terminals to Terminal 3-3' shall be used for midpoint taps.

**Terminal Numbers of Single, DC Version**



### ■ Lever Trims and Dimensions in mm

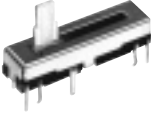




#### 1. Insulated lever (15.0, 20.0, 30.0, 45.0, 60.0)

#### 2. Metal lever (15.0, 20.0, 30.0, 45.0, 60.0)

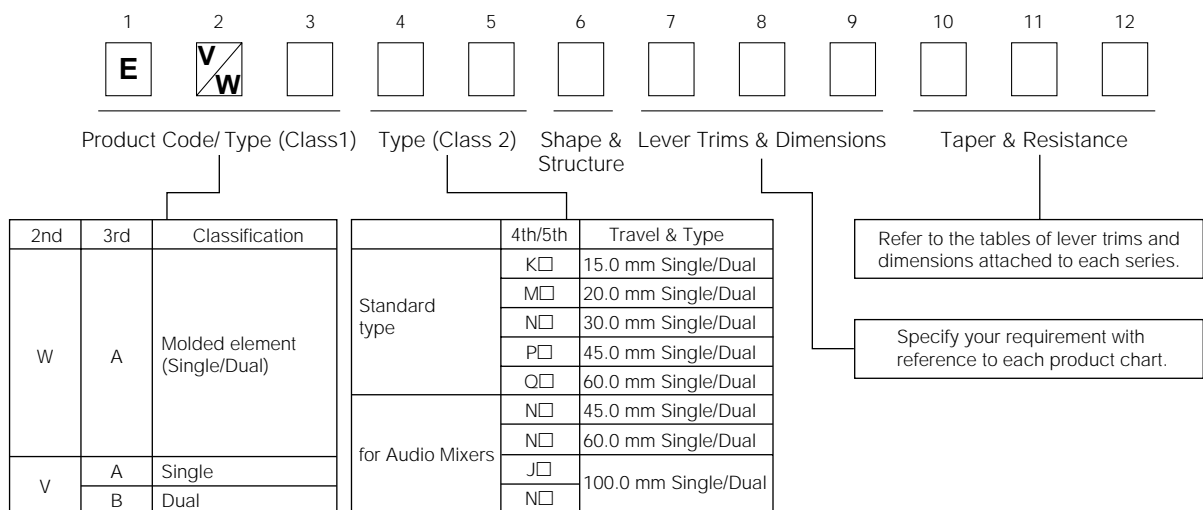
Type	Insulated lever	Type	Metal lever																																	
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### ■ Quick Selection Guide

Type	Appearance	Part Numbers	Total Resistance	Taper	Travel	Page
Standard Type		EWAK EWAM EWAN EWAP EWAQ	5 kΩ, 10 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 50 kΩ, 100 kΩ, 200 kΩ · B Taper : ⊕ 500 kΩ · BH Taper : 10 kΩ, 50 kΩ, 100 kΩ	A, B, C, D, G, BH	15.0 mm, 20.0 mm, 30.0 mm, 45.0 mm, 60.0 mm	053
Standard Faders for Audio Mixers		EWAP1 EWAP3 EWAQ1 EWAQ3	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 50 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	60.0 mm, 45.0 mm	059
Thin type Faders for Audio Mixers		EVAJQ EVBJQ EVANA EVBNA EVANB EVBNB	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	100.0 mm, 60.0 mm 45.0 mm	061
Mono Faders for Audio Mixers		EVANF	5 kΩ, 10 kΩ, 20 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	100.0 mm	063
Monorail Faders for Audio Mixers		EVANH EVBNH EVANJ EVBNJ EVANK EVBNK	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	100.0 mm, 60.0 mm 45.0 mm	065

### ■ Explanation of Part Numbers



### ■ Checklist Before Inquiry

When you specify Potentiometers, please take advantages of our standard products for better price and delivery. Please provide the following items before ordering.

Checklist						
		Item	Information (Requirements)			
Common	C-1	Inquiry purpose				
	C-2	Modification	Current supplier			
			Current part No.			
			Purpose			
	C-3	Application	Equipment			
			Environment	Indoor/Outdoor use, Stationary/Portable set, High humidity, SO <sub>2</sub> , NaCl		
			Temperature	(      °C) to (      °C)		
	C-4	Adjustment	Operation	General use, Low torque		
			Method	Manual, Automatic		
			Direction	Top, Bottom, Vertical, Horizontal		
	C-5	Mounting	Driver shape	Knob (Shape:      )		
			Method	Manual, Automatic		
Mounter			Panasert (Model:      ), Other mounter (Maker/Model:      /      ), Parts feeder			
C-6	Soldering	Method	Manual soldering, Flow soldering, Reflow soldering			
		Conditions	Temp. (      °C), Time (      s), Dipping times(      )			
		Washing	Machine, Soaking, Applied solvent (      )			
Electrical	E-1	Electrical application	Circuit	Volume, Tone, Balance, Circuit regulation, Others (      )		
			Stereo tone use	General tone, High-cut tone, Bass, Treble		
	E-2	Conditions	Current	ac, dc		
			Rating	Max. operating power (      W), Operating voltage (      V)		
			Applied current	Small current use, Applying current (      mA)		
	E-3	Resistance	Total value/Tolerance	(      Ω) / ±20 %, ±30 %, Others (±      %)		
	E-4	Taper	A, B, C, D, G, BH, 15A, 1B, 15C, 10A, 4B, H, Others (      )			
	E-5	Tracking error	Range	(      dB) to (      dB)		
			Specifications	±(      dB)		
	E-6	Tap	Necessity/Position	Necessary, Unnecessary / 40 %, 50 %, 60 %, Others (      )		
E-7	Other requirements					
Shapes/Dimensions	M-1	Shape	Size	100.0 mm, 60.0 mm, 45.0 mm, 30.0 mm, 20.0 mm, 15.0 mm		
			Structure	Units	Single, 1-shaft 2 gang, Others (      )	
	Shape*	Horizontal type (Shaft is parallel to PWB), Vertical type (Shaft is vertical to PWB)				
	M-2	Shaft/Lever	Shape	Standard slide	Insulated lever	Type C, Type X, Type U
				Potentiometer	Metal lever	Type C, Type S, Type D
				Open frame type (MK-II)		Type C, Type T, Type W
	M-3	Mounting	Type	Soldering, Screw mounting, Others (      )		
	M-4	Terminals	Type	Solder lug, PWB		
			(PWB terminals)	Length from mounting surface: (      mm), Layout pattern: (      )		
	Additional functions					
M-5	Detent(s)	Detents	1 point, 11 points, 41 points, Others (      points)			
		Position	Midpoint, Others (at      )			
Other	L-1	Special requirements for endurance				
	L-2	Other questionnaires				

Notes:

- When you specify custom types (custom-made), new tooling and jigs, and/or equipment may be required. It will be necessary to confirm your estimates of quantity and development schedule as accurately as possible.
- Please inform us if you designate your own part number.

\* Previous notations for potentiometer shape "Stand-up type" (Shaft is parallel to PWB.) and "Lay-down type" (Shaft is vertical to PWB.) – have been changed in this edition to "Horizontal type" or "Side-adjust type" (Shaft or knob is parallel to PWB.) and "Vertical type" or "Top-adjust type" (Shaft or knob is vertical to PWB.).

### ■ Application Notes

When using our Slide Potentiometers, please observe the following items to prevent dangerous accidents and deterioration of performance.

#### 1. Prohibited items and notes in design stage

##### 1. Use within the rating

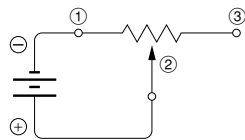
The Power Rating or Maximum Voltage varies with the size and type of a product. Also, the Power Rating must be reduced according to a Power Derating Curve. When a potentiometer is used with a current of less than a few micro-amperes, the influence of contact resistance increases because of the circuit diagram. Check the potentiometer under actual operating conditions.

##### 2. Migration

Some potentiometers cannot be used with dc voltage. If a potentiometer is to be used with dc voltage, specify this when ordering, or check the availability referring to the "Product Specifications for Information."

##### 3. Anodization

When a potentiometer is used with dc voltage under conditions of high humidity, the terminal at the side of the wiper



(terminal 2) must be a positive electrode, as shown in the figure at right.

##### 4. Recommended Circuit Configuration

It is recommended that you use the variable resistor for voltage adjustments. If it is used for current adjustments, then it may be influenced by the contact resistance between the resistor body and the slide, depending on the target circuit conditions. Conducting a test under actual operating conditions is highly recommended.

##### 5. Soldering conditions

When performing solder dipping, check the soldering conditions according to the "Product Specifications for Information", because the conditions vary with the product.

Do not wash a potentiometer after solder dipping because flux may invade the potentiometer, resulting in contact failure. Avoid use of jumper cables near the potentiometers because flux may attach to them.

##### 6. Operating temperature conditions

Tactile feeling in operation is given serious consideration, and rotation torque increases under low temperatures (below -10 °C) depending on the product. If a potentiometer is expected to be used under low temperatures, specify this in advance.

#### 2. Prohibited items and notes on handling

##### 1. Terminal clinch

Bending and unbending of terminals after mounting to a PWB must be one cycle or less. More than one bending/unbending cycle may result in damage.

##### 2. Stress on the terminals

Do not apply excessive stress to terminals during handling. Set soldering conditions with consideration given to stress on the terminals.

##### 3. Storage conditions

Do not store the potentiometers under high temperatures and/or high humidity, or in a location where corrosive gas may be generated. Store the potentiometers at room temperature and room humidity in a packed condition. Use them within a maximum of 6 months. Check the date of manufacture on the package box and apply the "first-in-first-out" rule. If unpacked switches must be stored as inventory, store them in a polyethylene bag to keep out air.

#### 3. Prohibited items on fire and smoking

1. Absolutely avoid use of a potentiometer beyond its rated range because doing so may cause a fire. If misuse or abnormal use may result under conditions in which the potentiometer is used out of its rated range, take proper measures such as current interruption using a protective circuit.

2. The grade of nonflammability for resin used in potentiometers is "94HB," which is based on UL94 Standards (flammability test for plastic materials). Prohibit use in a location where a spreading fire may be generated or prepare against a spreading fire.

#### 4. For use in equipment for which safety is requested

Although care is taken to ensure potentiometer quality, inferior characteristics, short circuits, and open circuits are some problems that might be generated. To design a set which places maximum emphasis on safety, review the affect of any single fault of a potentiometer in advance and perform virtually fail-safe design to ensure maximum safety by:

1. preparing a protective circuit or a protective device to improve system safety, and
2. preparing a redundant circuit to improve system safety so that the single fault of a potentiometer does not cause a dangerous situation.

For notes on use, the following sources were referred:

Technical report EIAJ RCR-2191A "Guideline of Notabilia for potentiometers for Use in Electronic Equipment" issued by the Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association  
(Issued by March 2002)

Refer to this Technical Report for additional details.

#### 5. For actual use, be sure to refer to "Product Specifications for Information."

### Common Specifications

#### Electrical Specifications

##### 1. Voltage Rating

$$E = \sqrt{P \cdot R}$$

E=Voltage Rating (V)

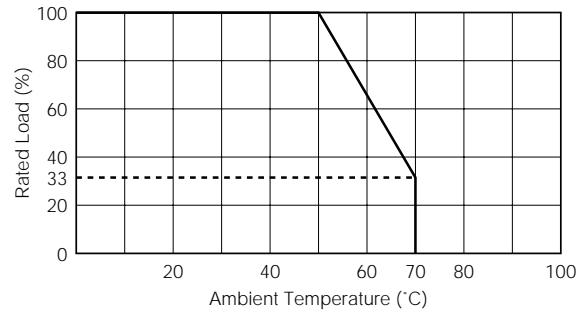
P=Power Rating (W)

R=Total Resistance ( $\Omega$ )

Voltage rating is defined by above formula.

When voltage rating exceeds max. operating voltage, the max. operating voltage shall become the rated voltage.

##### Power Derating Curve



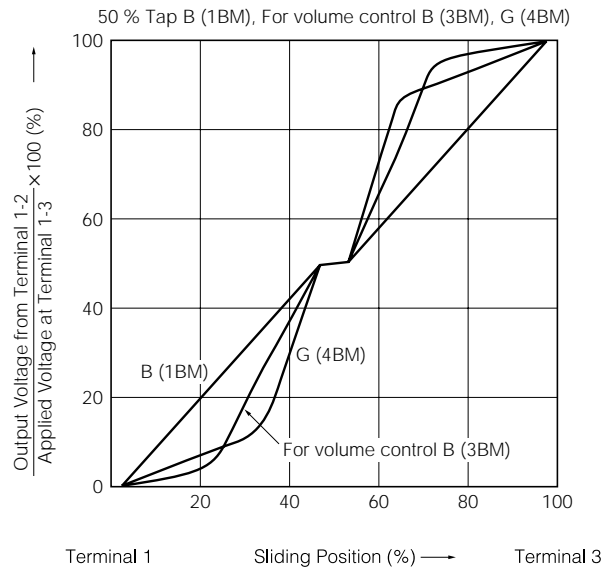
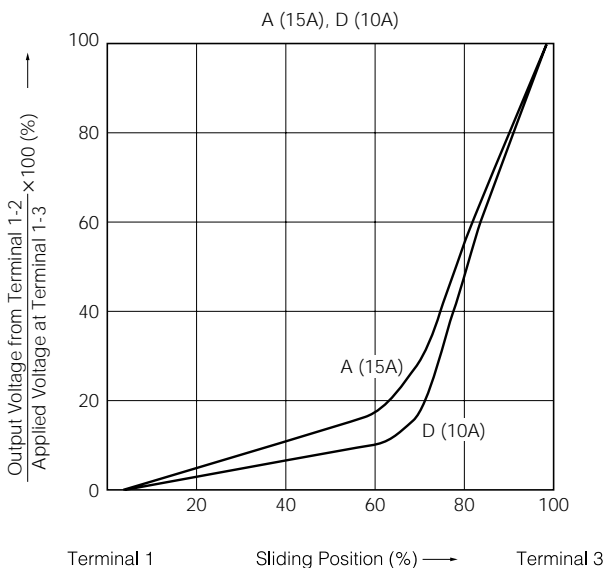
##### 2. Taper (Resistance Curve)

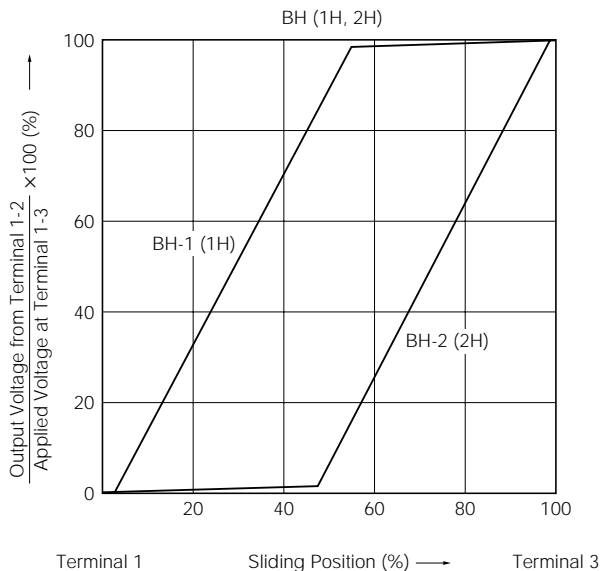
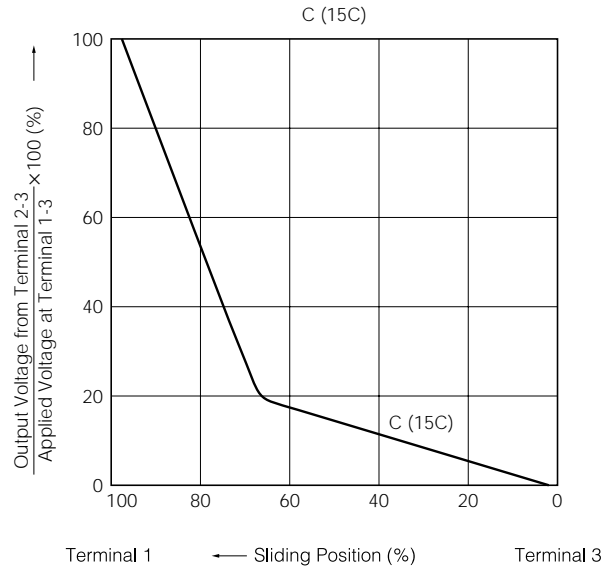
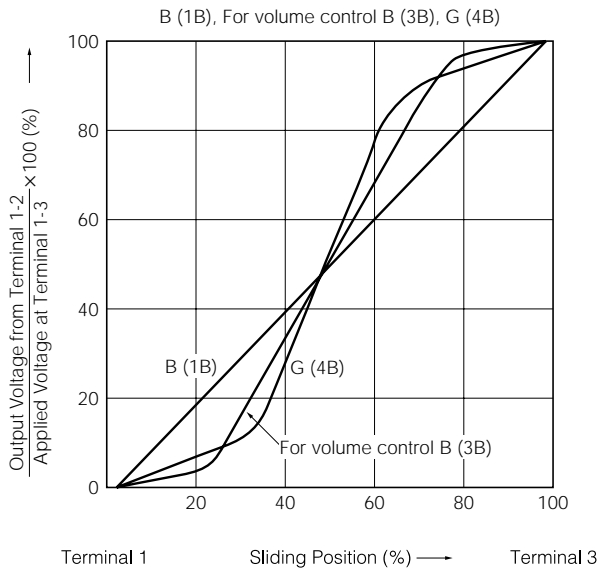
Calculation Formula		V (terminal 1-2)/V (terminal 1-3)×100 (%)		V (terminal 2-3)/V (terminal 1-3)×100 (%)	
Measuring point		Sliding Ratio (%)			
Taper					
EIAJ	Panasonic	30 (20)	50	30* (20)	50*
15A	A		10 to 25		
1B	B		40 to 60		
15C	C				10 to 25
10A	D		6 to 15		
4B	G	5 to 15 (1 to 8)	40 to 60	5 to 15 (1 to 8)	
H	BH	Linear (Special)			

Notes:

- \*Measured from terminal 3 end.
- ( ) is applied to EWAK (15.0 mm series) and EWAM (20.0 mm series).

##### 2-1. Taper





### 3. Insulation resistance

The insulation resistance measured with a 250 V insulation resistance tester across the terminal and the lever, across the terminal and the metallic cover, and for the dual type, across the terminals of both the resistors is 100 M $\Omega$  or more.

### 4. Withstand voltage

When 300 V is applied across the terminal and the lever, across the terminal and the metallic cover, and for the dual type, across each terminal of both the resistors for one minute, damages, arcs or dielectric breakdown will not be caused.

### 5. Slide noise

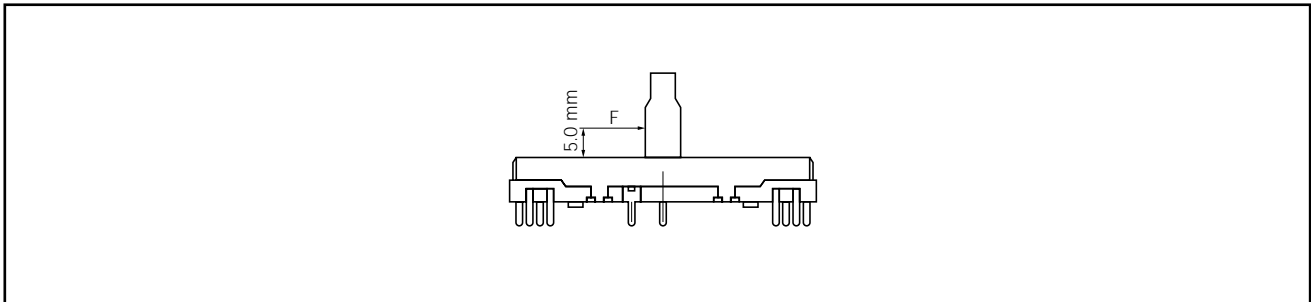
While applying 20 V (if the rated voltage is less than 20 V, the rated voltage) across terminals 1 and 3, slide the lever at a speed of 20 mm/s. The voltage of noise generated is less than 47 mV.

### ● Mechanical Specifications

#### 1. Stopper Strength

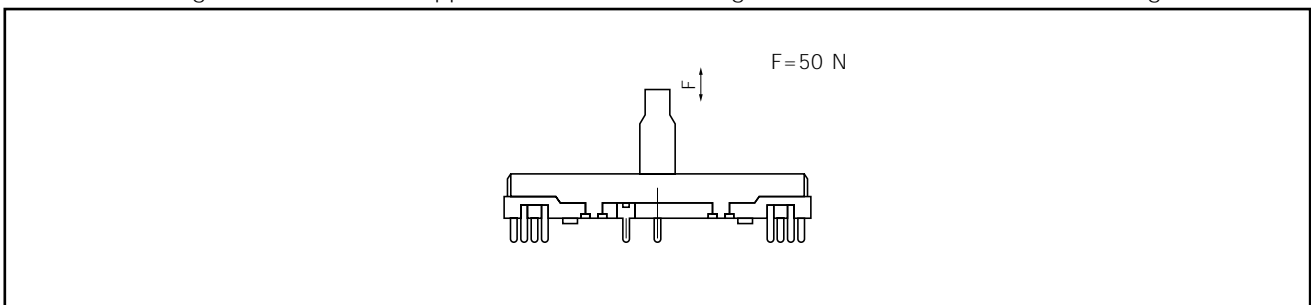
The following static load shall be applied to the lever at a point of 5.0 mm from the mounting surface for 10 seconds at the both ends of lever sliding travel.

Lever material	Load	
	Standard type, Standard faders type	Others faders type
Insulated lever	20 N	-
Metal lever	50 N	50 N



#### 2. Thrust Strength of Lever

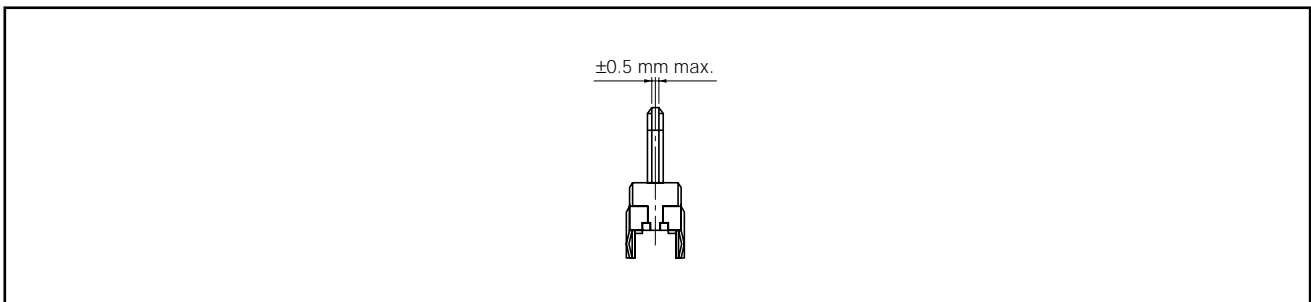
When the following thrust static load is applied to the lever in the longitudinal axis for 10 seconds, no damage shall occur.



#### 3. Lever Discentering

Discentering of lever from the center of cover width shall be 0.5mm max.

Lever Discentering	Standard type, Standard faders type	Others faders type
	±0.5 mm	±0.7 mm

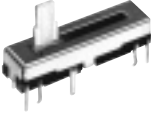






### ■ Minimum Quantity/Packing Unit

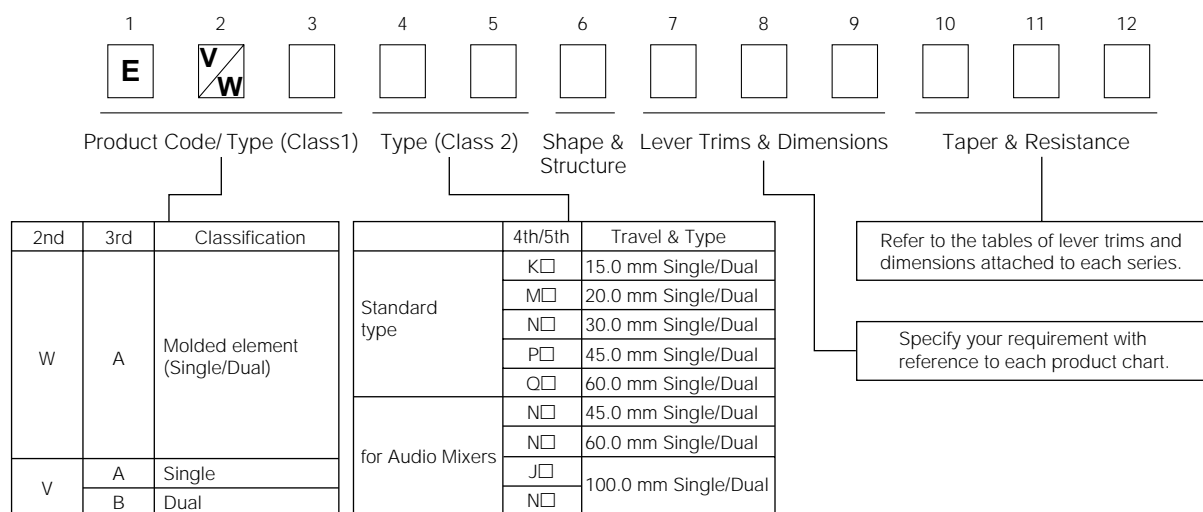
Please place an order by an integer multiple of the Quantity/Carton.

Product Item (Series, Type)	Part No.	Packaging	Quantity/Carton	Minimum Quantity/ Packing Unit	Notes
Standard Type Slide Potentiometers	EWAK	Tray Pack	1000 pcs.	100 pcs.	
	EWAM		1000 pcs.	100 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
			500 pcs.	50 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
	EWAN		1000 pcs.	100 pcs.	
	EWAP		500 pcs.	50 pcs.	
	EWAO		500 pcs.	50 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
			250 pcs.	25 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
Standard Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EWAP1	Tray Pack	500 pcs.	50 pcs.	
	EWAP3				
	EWAO1		500 pcs.	50 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
	EWAO3		250 pcs.	25 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
Thin type Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EVAJQ	Tray Pack	200 pcs.	40 pcs.	
	EVBjq				
	EVANA		200 pcs.	50 pcs.	
	EVBNA				
	EVANB				
	EVBNB				
Mono Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EVANF	Tray Pack	500 pcs.	100 pcs.	
Monorail Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EVANH	Tray Pack	300 pcs.	60 pcs.	
	EVBNH				
	EVANJ				
	EVBNJ				
	EVANK				
	EVBNK				

### ■ Quick Selection Guide

Type	Appearance	Part Numbers	Total Resistance	Taper	Travel	Page
Standard Type		EWAK EWAM EWAN EWAP EWAQ	5 kΩ, 10 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 50 kΩ, 100 kΩ, 200 kΩ · B Taper : ⊕ 500 kΩ · BH Taper : 10 kΩ, 50 kΩ, 100 kΩ	A, B, C, D, G, BH	15.0 mm, 20.0 mm, 30.0 mm, 45.0 mm, 60.0 mm	053
Standard Faders for Audio Mixers		EWAP1 EWAP3 EWAQ1 EWAQ3	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 50 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	60.0 mm, 45.0 mm	059
Thin type Faders for Audio Mixers		EVAJQ EVBJQ EVANA EVBNA EVANB EVBNB	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	100.0 mm, 60.0 mm 45.0 mm	061
Mono Faders for Audio Mixers		EVANF	5 kΩ, 10 kΩ, 20 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	100.0 mm	063
Monorail Faders for Audio Mixers		EVANH EVBNH EVANJ EVBNJ EVANK EVBNK	10 kΩ, 20 kΩ	A, B, D, Y	100.0 mm, 60.0 mm 45.0 mm	065

### ■ Explanation of Part Numbers





## ■ Checklist Before Inquiry

When you specify Potentiometers, please take advantages of our standard products for better price and delivery. Please provide the following items before ordering.

Checklist						
		Item	Information (Requirements)			
Common	C-1	Inquiry purpose				
	C-2	Modification	Current supplier			
			Current part No.			
			Purpose			
	C-3	Application	Equipment			
			Environment	Indoor/Outdoor use, Stationary/Portable set, High humidity, SO <sub>2</sub> , NaCl		
			Temperature	(      °C) to (      °C)		
			Operation	General use, Low torque		
	C-4	Adjustment	Method	Manual, Automatic		
			Direction	Top, Bottom, Vertical, Horizontal		
			Driver shape	Knob (Shape:      )		
	C-5	Mounting	Method	Manual, Automatic		
Mounter			Panasert (Model:      ), Other mounter (Maker/Model:      /      ), Parts feeder			
C-6	Soldering	Method	Manual soldering, Flow soldering, Reflow soldering			
		Conditions	Temp. (      °C), Time (      s), Dipping times(      )			
		Washing	Machine, Soaking, Applied solvent (      )			
Electrical	E-1	Electrical application	Circuit	Volume, Tone, Balance, Circuit regulation, Others (      )		
			Stereo tone use	General tone, High-cut tone, Bass, Treble		
	E-2	Conditions	Current	ac, dc		
			Rating	Max. operating power (      W), Operating voltage (      V)		
			Applied current	Small current use, Applying current (      mA)		
	E-3	Resistance	Total value/Tolerance	(      Ω) / ±20 %, ±30 %, Others (±      %)		
	E-4	Taper	A, B, C, D, G, BH, 15A, 1B, 15C, 10A, 4B, H, Others (      )			
	E-5	Tracking error	Range	(      dB) to (      dB)		
			Specifications	±(      dB)		
	E-6	Tap	Necessity/Position	Necessary, Unnecessary / 40 %, 50 %, 60 %, Others (      )		
E-7	Other requirements					
Shapes/Dimensions	M-1	Shape	Size	100.0 mm, 60.0 mm, 45.0 mm, 30.0 mm, 20.0 mm, 15.0 mm		
			Structure	Units	Single, 1-shaft 2 gang, Others (      )	
				Shape*	Horizontal type (Shaft is parallel to PWB), Vertical type (Shaft is vertical to PWB)	
	M-2	Shaft/Lever	Shape	Standard slide	Insulated lever	Type C, Type X, Type U
				Potentiometer	Metal lever	Type C, Type S, Type D
				Open frame type (MK-II)		Type C, Type T, Type W
	M-3	Mounting	Type	Soldering, Screw mounting, Others (      )		
	M-4	Terminals	Type	Solder lug, PWB		
			(PWB terminals)	Length from mounting surface: (      mm), Layout pattern: (      )		
	Additional functions					
M-5	Detent(s)	Detents	1 point, 11 points, 41 points, Others (      points)			
		Position	Midpoint, Others (at      )			
Other	L-1	Special requirements for endurance				
	L-2	Other questionnaires				

### Notes:

- When you specify custom types (custom-made), new tooling and jigs, and/or equipment may be required. It will be necessary to confirm your estimates of quantity and development schedule as accurately as possible.
- Please inform us if you designate your own part number.

\* Previous notations for potentiometer shape "Stand-up type" (Shaft is parallel to PWB.) and "Lay-down type" (Shaft is vertical to PWB.) – have been changed in this edition to "Horizontal type" or "Side-adjust type" (Shaft or knob is parallel to PWB.) and "Vertical type" or "Top-adjust type" (Shaft or knob is vertical to PWB.).

### ■ Application Notes

When using our Slide Potentiometers, please observe the following items to prevent dangerous accidents and deterioration of performance.

#### 1. Prohibited items and notes in design stage

##### 1. Use within the rating

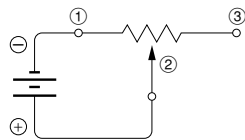
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##### 2. Migration

Some potentiometers cannot be used with dc voltage. If a potentiometer is to be used with dc voltage, specify this when ordering, or check the availability referring to the "Product Specifications for Information."

##### 3. Anodization

When a potentiometer is used with dc voltage under conditions of high humidity, the terminal at the side of the wiper



(terminal 2) must be a positive electrode, as shown in the figure at right.

##### 4. Recommended Circuit Configuration

It is recommended that you use the variable resistor for voltage adjustments. If it is used for current adjustments, then it may be influenced by the contact resistance between the resistor body and the slide, depending on the target circuit conditions. Conducting a test under actual operating conditions is highly recommended.

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When performing solder dipping, check the soldering conditions according to the "Product Specifications for Information", because the conditions vary with the product.

Do not wash a potentiometer after solder dipping because flux may invade the potentiometer, resulting in contact failure. Avoid use of jumper cables near the potentiometers because flux may attach to them.

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Tactile feeling in operation is given serious consideration, and rotation torque increases under low temperatures (below -10 °C) depending on the product. If a potentiometer is expected to be used under low temperatures, specify this in advance.

#### 2. Prohibited items and notes on handling

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Bending and unbending of terminals after mounting to a PWB must be one cycle or less. More than one bending/unbending cycle may result in damage.

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##### 3. Storage conditions

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#### 3. Prohibited items on fire and smoking

1. Absolutely avoid use of a potentiometer beyond its rated range because doing so may cause a fire. If misuse or abnormal use may result under conditions in which the potentiometer is used out of its rated range, take proper measures such as current interruption using a protective circuit.

2. The grade of nonflammability for resin used in potentiometers is "94HB," which is based on UL94 Standards (flammability test for plastic materials). Prohibit use in a location where a spreading fire may be generated or prepare against a spreading fire.

#### 4. For use in equipment for which safety is requested

Although care is taken to ensure potentiometer quality, inferior characteristics, short circuits, and open circuits are some problems that might be generated. To design a set which places maximum emphasis on safety, review the affect of any single fault of a potentiometer in advance and perform virtually fail-safe design to ensure maximum safety by:

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2. preparing a redundant circuit to improve system safety so that the single fault of a potentiometer does not cause a dangerous situation.

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(Issued by March 2002)

Refer to this Technical Report for additional details.

#### 5. For actual use, be sure to refer to "Product Specifications for Information."

### Common Specifications

#### Electrical Specifications

##### 1. Voltage Rating

$$E = \sqrt{P \cdot R}$$

E=Voltage Rating (V)

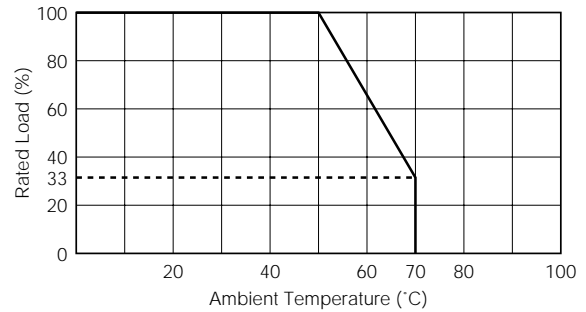
P=Power Rating (W)

R=Total Resistance ( $\Omega$ )

Voltage rating is defined by above formula.

When voltage rating exceeds max. operating voltage, the max. operating voltage shall become the rated voltage.

##### Power Derating Curve



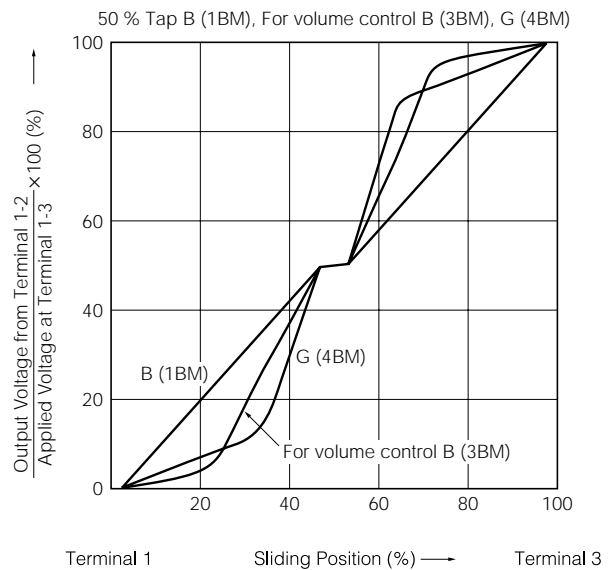
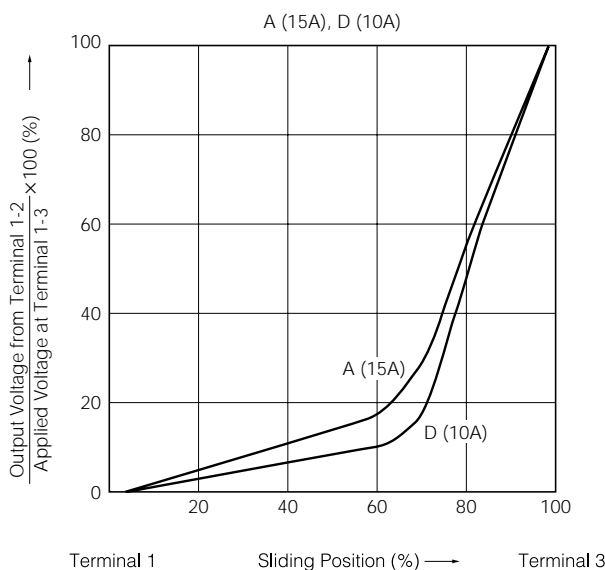
##### 2. Taper (Resistance Curve)

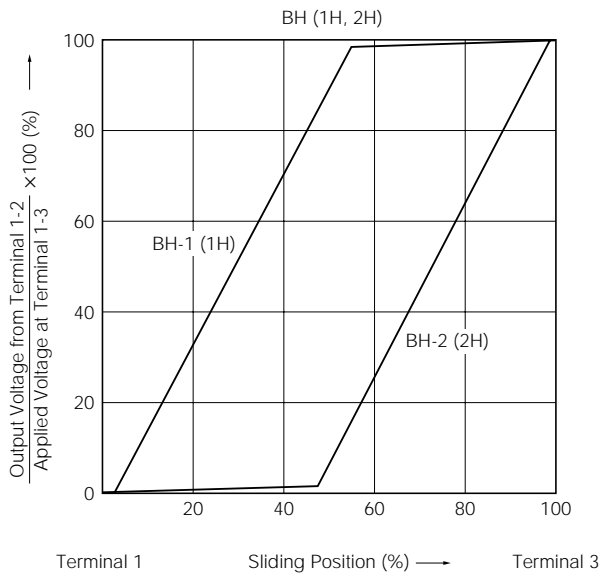
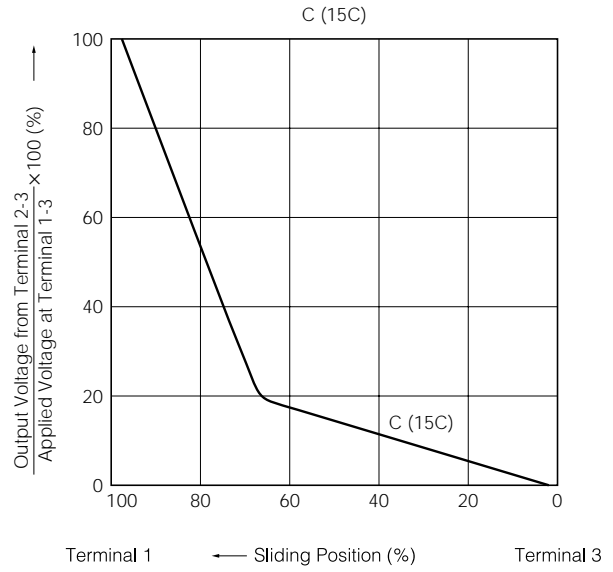
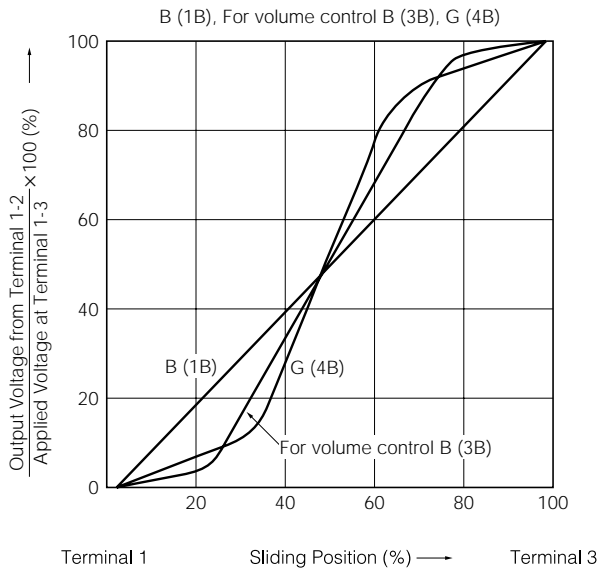
Calculation Formula		V (terminal 1-2)/V (terminal 1-3)×100 (%)		V (terminal 2-3)/V (terminal 1-3)×100 (%)	
Measuring point		Sliding Ratio (%)			
Taper					
EIAJ	Panasonic	30 (20)	50	30* (20)	50*
15A	A		10 to 25		
1B	B		40 to 60		
15C	C				10 to 25
10A	D		6 to 15		
4B	G	5 to 15 (1 to 8)	40 to 60	5 to 15 (1 to 8)	
H	BH	Linear (Special)			

Notes:

- \*Measured from terminal 3 end.
- ( ) is applied to EWAK (15.0 mm series) and EWAM (20.0 mm series).

##### 2-1. Taper





### 3. Insulation resistance

The insulation resistance measured with a 250 V insulation resistance tester across the terminal and the lever, across the terminal and the metallic cover, and for the dual type, across the terminals of both the resistors is 100 M $\Omega$  or more.

### 4. Withstand voltage

When 300 V is applied across the terminal and the lever, across the terminal and the metallic cover, and for the dual type, across each terminal of both the resistors for one minute, damages, arcs or dielectric breakdown will not be caused.

### 5. Slide noise

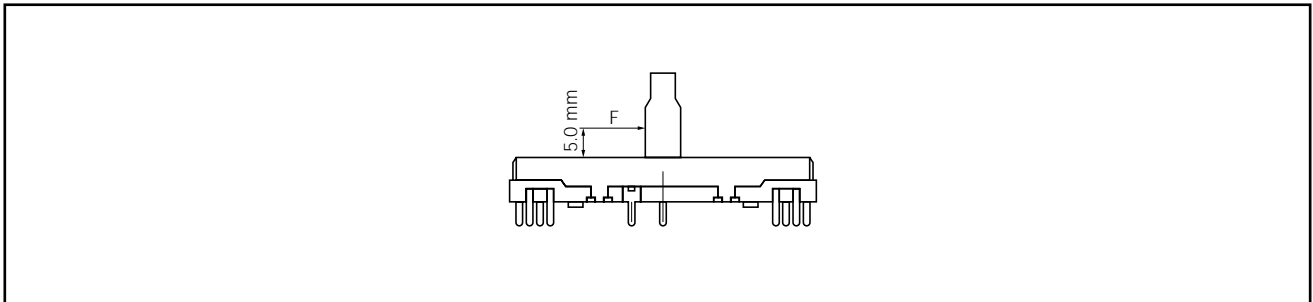
While applying 20 V (if the rated voltage is less than 20 V, the rated voltage) across terminals 1 and 3, slide the lever at a speed of 20 mm/s. The voltage of noise generated is less than 47 mV.

### ● Mechanical Specifications

#### 1. Stopper Strength

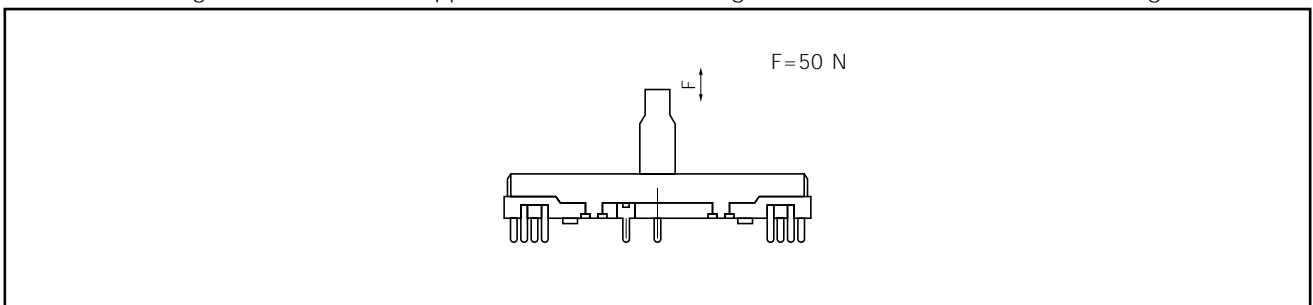
The following static load shall be applied to the lever at a point of 5.0 mm from the mounting surface for 10 seconds at the both ends of lever sliding travel.

Lever material	Load	
	Standard type, Standard faders type	Others faders type
Insulated lever	20 N	-
Metal lever	50 N	50 N



#### 2. Thrust Strength of Lever

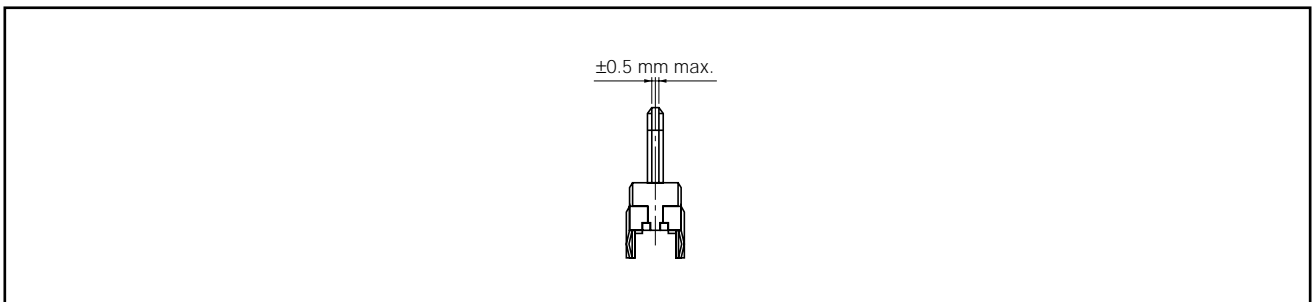
When the following thrust static load is applied to the lever in the longitudinal axis for 10 seconds, no damage shall occur.



#### 3. Lever Discentering

Discentering of lever from the center of cover width shall be 0.5mm max.

Lever Discentering	Standard type, Standard faders type	Others faders type
	±0.5 mm	±0.7 mm



### ■ Minimum Quantity/Packing Unit

Please place an order by an integer multiple of the Quantity/Carton.

Product Item (Series, Type)	Part No.	Packaging	Quantity/Carton	Minimum Quantity/ Packing Unit	Notes
Standard Type Slide Potentiometers	EWAK	Tray Pack	1000 pcs.	100 pcs.	
	EWAM		1000 pcs.	100 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
			500 pcs.	50 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
	EWAN		1000 pcs.	100 pcs.	
	EWAP		500 pcs.	50 pcs.	
	EWAO		500 pcs.	50 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
			250 pcs.	25 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
Standard Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EWAP1	Tray Pack	500 pcs.	50 pcs.	
	EWAP3				
	EWAO1		500 pcs.	50 pcs.	Lever length < 20.0 mm
	EWAO3		250 pcs.	25 pcs.	Lever length > 21.0 mm
Thin type Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EVAJQ	Tray Pack	200 pcs.	40 pcs.	
	EVBjq				
	EVANA		200 pcs.	50 pcs.	
	EVBNA				
	EVANB				
	EVBNB				
Mono Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EVANF	Tray Pack	500 pcs.	100 pcs.	
Monorail Faders for Audio Mixers Slide Potentiometers	EVANH	Tray Pack	300 pcs.	60 pcs.	
	EVBNH				
	EVANJ				
	EVBNJ				
	EVANK				
	EVBNK				