

# Agilent HFBR-2412TC and HFBR-2416TC Conductive Port Option for Low Cost Miniature Link Components

# **Technical Data**

#### **Features**

- Significantly Decreases
  Effect of Electromagnetic
  Interference (EMI) on
  Receiver Sensitivity
- Available with Threaded ST Styled Port Receivers
- Allows the Designer to Separate the Signal and Conductive Port Grounds

#### **Description**

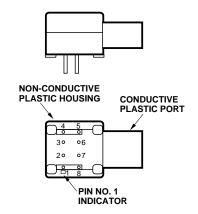
The conductive port option for the Low Cost Miniature Link component family consists of a grounding path from the conductive port to four grounding pins as shown in the package outline drawing. Signal ground is separate from the four grounding pins to give the designer more flexibility. This option is available with all Threaded ST panel mount styled port receivers. Electrical/optical performance of the receivers is not affected by the conductive port. Refer to the HFBR-2412TC and HFBR-2416TC data sheets for more information.

### **Applications**

Agilent recommends that the designer use separate ground paths for the signal ground and the conductive port ground in order to minimize the effects of coupled noise on the receiver circuitry. If the designer notices that extreme noise is present on the system chassis, care should be taken to electrically isolate the conductive port from the chassis.

In the case of ESD, the conductive port option does not alleviate the need for system recovery procedures. A 15 kV ESD event

## **Package Outline**



#### HFBR-2412TC HFBR-2416TC



entering through the port will not cause catastrophic failure for any HFBR-2412TC and HFBR-2416TC receivers, but may cause soft errors. The conductive port option can reduce the amount of soft errors due to ESD events, but does not guarantee error-free performance.

Pin	Function
1	Port Ground Pin
2	Part Dependent
3	Part Dependent
4	Port Ground Pin
5	Port Ground Pin
6	Part Dependent
7	Part Dependent
8	Port Ground Pin



#### **Reliability Information**

Low Cost Miniature Link components with the Conductive Port Option are as reliable as standard HFBR-2412TC and HFBR-2416TC components. The following tests were performed to verify the mechanical reliability of this option.

#### **Ordering Information**

HFBR-2412TC-820 nm Receiver, ST housed, 5 MBd, TTL Output, Conductive Port.

HFBR-2416TC-820 nm Receiver, ST housed, 125 MHz, Analog Output, Conductive Port.

# Mechanical and Environmental Tests [1]

Test	MIL-STD-883/ Other Reference	Test Conditions	Units Tested	Total Failed
Temperature Cycling	1010 Condition B	-55°C to +125°C 15 min. dwell/5 min. transfer 100 cycles	70	0
Thermal Shock	1011 Condition B	-55°C to +125°C 5 min. dwell/10 sec. transfer 500 cycles	45	0
High temp. Storage	1008 Condition B	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C 1000 hours	50	0
Mechanical Shock	2002 Condition B	1500 g/0.5 ms 5 impacts each axis	40	0
Seal Dye Penetrant (Zyglo)	1014 Condition D	45 psi, 10 hours No leakage into microelectronic cavity	15	0
Solderability	2003	245°C	10	0
Resistance to Solvents	2015	3 one min. immersion brush after solvent	13	0
Chemical Resistance	-	5 minutes in Acetone, Methanol, Boiling Water	12	0
Temperature- Humidity	-	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C, RH = 85% Biased, 500 hours	30	0
Lead Integrity	2004 Condition B2	8 oz. wt. to each lead tested for three 90° arcs of the case	16	0
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	IEC-801-2	Direct contact discharge to port, 0-15 kV [2]	16	0

#### Notes:

- 1. Tests were performed on ST products with the conductive port option.
- 2. Agilent has previously used an air discharge method to measure ESD; results using this method vary with air temperature and humidity. The direct contact discharge method is perferred due to better repeatability and conformance with IEC procedures. ESD immunity measured with the air discharge method is generally higher than with the direct contact discharge method.

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